

EBTS

Introduction

1. No LST! (No Red Lights on TSC, and No Annoying Notification on the Front of your Radios)
2. Network Wide Group Calling - TGS Configured in our Core are Routed between ALL Linked BTS Sites
3. Local Site Private Calling - Having a Linked site allows for 1-1 Private Calling (NOT FULL DUPLEX). Simply Dial the ISSI Number of the radio you wish to dial and hit PTT, this will call the radio and establish a 1-1 Call
4. Wide Area Private Calling - As Above, Just across the network! - Call your buddies across the world via their ISSI Number.

The aim of this guide is to help you get your EBTS connected to our Virtual Core, and enjoy all TETRA features (+ TPC interconnects, coming soon™).

Disclaimer

- Follow this guide at your own risk! This is an experimental bridge, and we can't be held responsible if anything bad happens to your precious EBTS!
- DEBIAN/RASPBIAN WITH A GUI IS NOT SUPPORTED! - PLEASE ENSURE YOU INSTALL DEBIAN LITE (NO GUI), THIS IS KNOWN TO CAUSE OUT OF RESOURCE BUGS WITH OSMO-E1D
- Supplied Configurations for Cisco Connectivity are Examples/Known Working Configurations, it is down to the Site Sysop to Secure their own System from unauthorised access

Prep Work

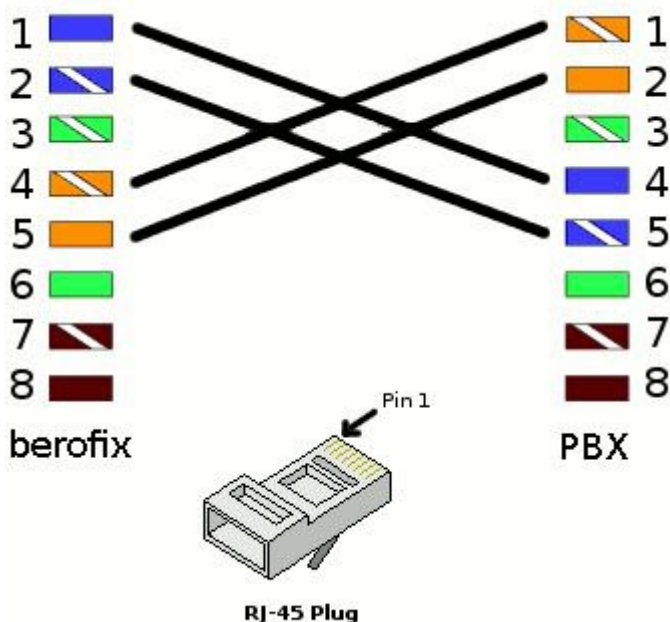
- Before starting this endeavor, get in touch with the Core Network Team, you'll need some specific configurations files for your site (Cisco and EBTS)

- You must have a basic understanding of the TETRA standard (how it behaves, how to program radios with MCC/MNCs, add talkgroups).
- Modifications on the EBTS settings will also be needed, make sure you're also feeling at ease with that.
- Some Linux Console knowledge as well as basic Cisco usage will also come in handy.

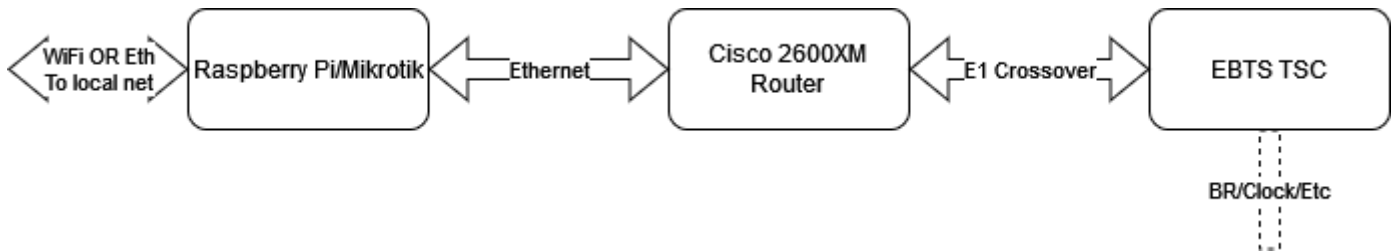
Connection methods

Option 1 - Cisco router

- A working EBTS/MBTS setup in lone site trunking mode (bare minimum: Base Radio + Site Controller). Don't forget an RS-232/USB converter if your computer doesn't a native DB9 connector!
- Raspberry Pi. You can also use a Mikrotik router, but this is not documented here (you'll need to install and configure ZeroTier, and bridge it to a LAN port).
- Cisco 1900 / 2600 Series router + E1 Card (either one or two ports, both will work). You'll also need an additional Ethernet USB Dongle for the Pi. Make sure you also have a console cable.
- An E1 Crossover cable (RJ45 plugs). Schematic is as follows:



The complete setup will look like this:



Raspberry Pi Setup

1. Prepare an SD Card with a 64-Bit version of Raspberry OS Lite(Bookworm being the latest, We Don't Need a GUI). Don't forget to configure SSH and WiFi if you plan to use it. You can also use an additional USB/Ethernet dongle instead of Wifi (you'll need an available ethernet port to connect to the Cisco Router either way).
2. Update/Upgrade the OS after boot:

```
sudo apt get update && sudo apt upgrade
reboot
```

3. Download and run the following configuration script. This will create the bridging interface, and add you to the ZeroTier network:

```
wget https://packages.tetrapack.online/install/tools/EBTS/CiscoBridge.sh | sudo bash
```

4. Connect the USB-Ethernet dongle if needed, and reboot. Connect the Cisco Router FastEthernet0/0 port to the dongle, and your WAN network to the Pi's onboard jack (or to the main Pi Ethernet jack if you're using Wifi to get online).

Sometimes the Pi will pick either the internal Eth or the Dongle Eth to be Eth0. If you notice that you cannot get a connection via your LAN to the Pi, try swapping the connection to the Cisco over.

Cisco Router Setup

1. Connect your computer to the Console port of the router (via either an USB/RS232 adapter or a native DB9 port if you're lucky enough to still have one). Open up your favourite terminal program (I personally use putty) at 9600 baud.
2. [Follow these steps to reset your router to factory defaults.](#)
3. Once you finish step 8 on this before-mentioned guide, type "no" then enter.
4. Check your Firmware Version:

```
show version
```

```
Cisco IOS Software, C2600 Software (C2600-IPBASEK9-M), Version 12.4(12), RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)  
is Required
```

5. If you see any other version than what's mentioned above, reach out to one of the Core Network Team to update it.
6. Open the Cisco Router config file you received (see "Prep Work") and copy its content (Ctrl+C). Enable the console and enter configuration mode:

```
config t  
Ctrl+V (paste)  
end  
write mem
```

7. Once done, you should be able to ping the Core via:

```
ping 192.168.250.254
```

8. Almost there! If for some reason your FastEthernet0/0 interface didn't go up, type:

```
config t  
int Fast0/0  
no shutdown  
end  
write mem
```

Option 2 - icE1usb interface

Please read article [FrameRelay-over-E1 Daemon \(FRED\)](#)

After FRED install please edit /opt/FRED/default.env and run following command:

```
sudo /opt/FRED/dimetra-setup.sh
```

EBTS Site Controller

1. Connect a USB/RS232 (or native DB9, again) from your computer to the service access port of the TSC. Open up BTS Service Software (aka TESS), select Dimetra R8. Password is Sys*mgr123\$%. Under Configuration ==> Direct Settings, make sure you selected the right COM Port.

2. Select Connection ==> Connect Direct. Turn on the TSC and wait for it to boot up completely. If it's already on, just press on enter, you should get a prompt for a user/password. Defaults should be factory/factory.
3. Select Upload Configuration, and download the latest file from the Site Controller. Once done, close the connection via Connection ==> Close Connection.
4. Open the TSC Configuration file you just pulled via File ==> Open. Edit the Site Configuration via Personality ==> Modify. Click on "Edit Site Controller"
5. From the Core Team, you should have received the following data: Site ID, BTS IP Address,

6.

The image displays two side-by-side screenshots of the 'Site Controller <Modified>' configuration window, showing different tabs.

Left Window (General Tab):

- Network Management:** Master Site, Calls, SDTS, Packet Data, Voice
- Site Router:** Addresses, Address Ranges, BRC
- Site Link:** General, Site Reference, Addresses, Address Ranges, BRC
- BTS Site ID:** SITE ID
- BTS Zone ID:** 1
- Internal Codeplug Debug:** ☐
- LST Enable:** ☒
- TSC Temperature Threshold (C):** 70
- EAS Poll Timer (secs):** 5
- Site Trunking Hold off Time (secs):** 0 sec
- Site Link Debounce Time:** 2
- No Trunking BS Service Details:** All services
- Adjacent Site Broadcast Update:** ☒
- Cell State Timers:** ☐

Right Window (Addresses Tab):

- Network Management:** General, Site Reference, Addresses, Address Ranges, BRC
- Site Router:** Master Site, Calls, SDTS, Packet Data, Voice
- Site Link:** General, Site Reference, Addresses, Address Ranges, BRC
- Link Recovery Timer (secs):** 5
- Control Channel DLCI:** 101
- Packet Data DLCI:** 102
- Network Manager DLCI:** 104
- Short Data Transport DLCI:** 103
- Zone Controller IP Addresses:**
 - Primary ZC IP Address:** 10 . 1 . 231 . 1
 - Secondary ZC IP Address:** 10 . 1 . 232 . 1
 - ZC IP Address One:** 10 . 101 . 0 . 1
 - ZC IP Address Two:** 10 . 201 . 0 . 1
- BTS:**
 - BTS IP Address:** BTS IP ADDR
 - BTS IP Network Mask:** 255 . 255 . 255 . 0
 - BTS ZC IP Address:** 10 . 101 . 64 . 1

BTS SDTS IP Address: 10 . 101 . 64 . 3

SDR Outbound TCP Port Number: 4176

SDR Inbound TCP Port Number: 4177

SDR TCP Port Number: 4176

SLM Max Transmission Unit (Bytes): 128

Max Number of Short Data Repeats: 4

Max Number of Short Data Retries: 5

Max TCP Segment Size (Bytes): 512

TCP Socket Buffer Size (Bytes): 8192

OKCancelHelp

Data Tx Request Transmissions: 4

End of Data Transmissions: 4

Initial Transmissions on PDCH: 4

BTS PD IP Address: 10 . 101 . 64 . 2

PD Gateway IP Address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

PD Port Number: 10130

RNG IP Address: 10 . 128 . 105 . 15

OKCancelHelp

Site Controller <Modified>

Network Management

Site Router

Site Link

General

Site Reference

Addresses

Address Ranges

BRC

Master Site

Calls

SDTS

Packet Data

Voice

Receive voice: 2 Interfaces

Voice Port Number: 10120

Voice Channel DLCI Table:

CH	DLCI
1	21
2	22
3	23
4	24

OKCancelHelp

Site Controller <Modified>

General

Site Reference

Addresses

Address Ranges

BRC

Master Site

Calls

SDTS

Packet Data

Voice

Network Management

Site Router

Site Link

Primary PVC DLCI: 16

Secondary PVC DLCI: 17

Primary PVC

Primary PVC BTS IP Address: PRIM PVC

Primary PVC Core Router IP Address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Primary PVC IP Network Mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 252

Primary PVC Recovery Timer (secs): 30

Secondary PVC

Secondary PVC BTS IP Address: SEC PVC

Secondary PVC Core Router IP Address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Secondary PVC IP Network Mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 252

Netcom Outbound UDP Port Number: 1050

Netcom Inbound UDP Port Number: 1051

OKCancelHelp

Site Controller <Modified> X

General	Site Reference	Addresses	Address Ranges	BRC
Master Site	Calls	SDTS	Packet Data	Voice
Network Management		Site Router	Site Link	

C RTP Enable: ☐

C RTP Context State Packet Time (ms): 250

C RTP State Session Timeout (ms): 1000

LMI Enable: ☒

LMI LIV Time (ms): 300

LMI Error Threshold: 3

Full Status Polling Counter: 6

Monitored Events Count: 4


Type Of Service Latency Time (ms): 5000

Frame Relay Fragmentation Size (Bytes): 100

OK Cancel Help

Site Controller <Modified> X

General	Site Reference	Addresses	Address Ranges	BRC
Master Site	Calls	SDTS	Packet Data	Voice
Network Management		Site Router	Site Link	

MGR IP ADDR 

Network Mgr IP Address:

Network Manager Port Number: 162

BTS Network Mgr IP Address: 10 . 101 . 1 . 4

Zone Manager Port Number: 161

Primary ZC Subnet Mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0

Secondary ZC Subnet Mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0

OK Cancel Help

- Once you're finished, double check everything. Save the file, and reconnect to the TSC (Connection ==> Connect Direct).
- Click on Connection ==> Send Files. Select "Configuration Files" and select the file you just saved. In the "File Download" window, enter a version label, check "Use Next" and

click on "Update Selected Items". Press OK to start the transfer. You'll get a prompt to select which configuration file to replace. Select the one with all the minus signs.

10. Remember when uploading the new configuration to update the "Use Next" Flag

12. Reset the TSC by issuing the "reset" command on the terminal. Wait for the reboot, and log yourself in again (with factory/factory)

13. Type the following commands to enable Site Link:

```
.sitelink -e1  
.e1config -crdStart 1 -crd 31 -ts16Skip off -portNo 1 -crc on  
reset
```

14. After reboot, your TSC should now be connected to the Core Network! Enjoy :)

Final Steps

Once you have connected your BTS to the Core Network, Please go to <https://map.tetrapack.online> and register your user.

When an admin approves your user, you can log in and add your BTS to the map!

You will need the following information available when registering your BTS:

Zerotier Client ID: **you will get this when setting up your Pi for Either Cisco or FRED configuration.**

TX Frequency

RX Frequency

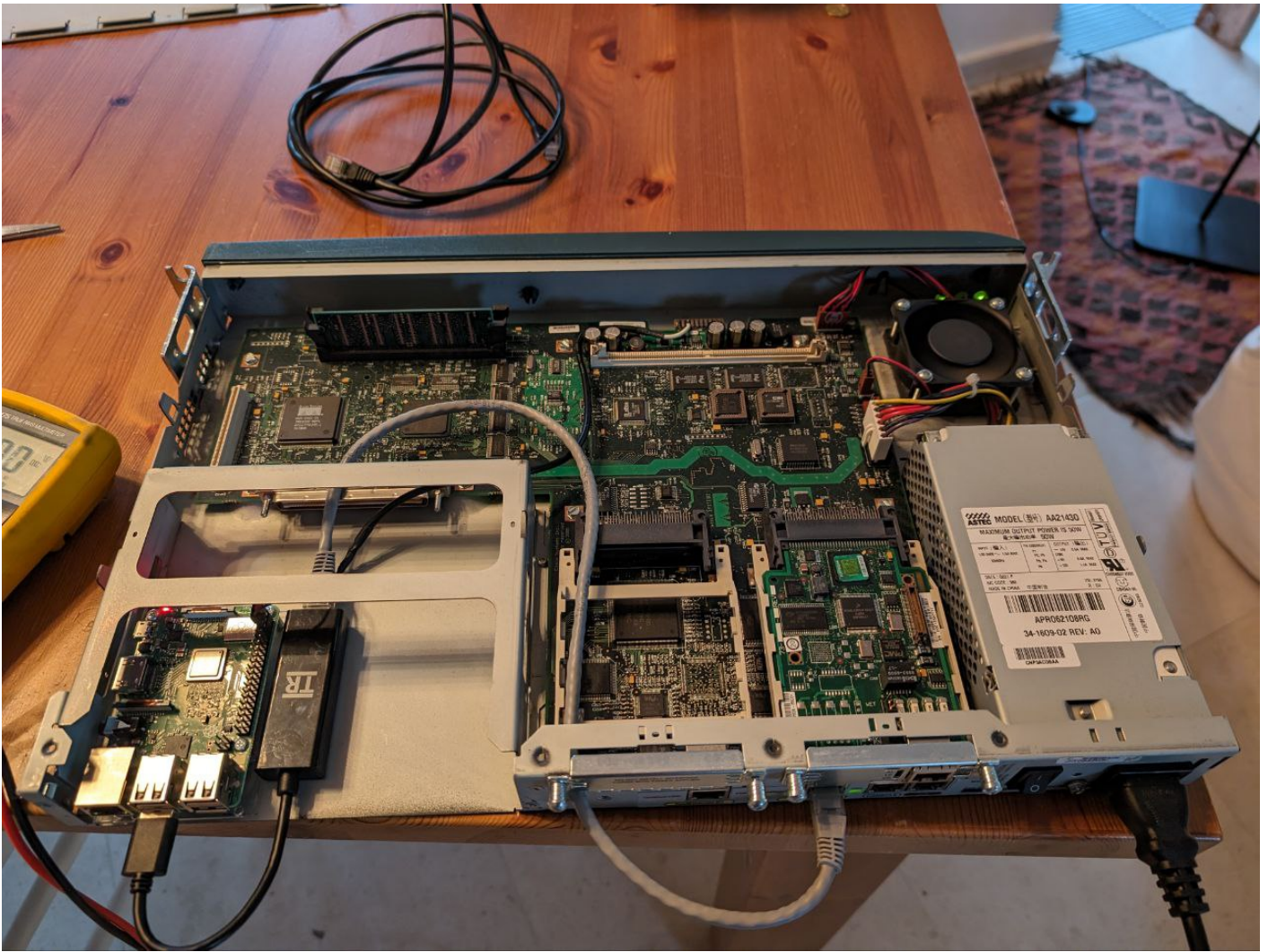
Duplex Table

Duplex Spacing

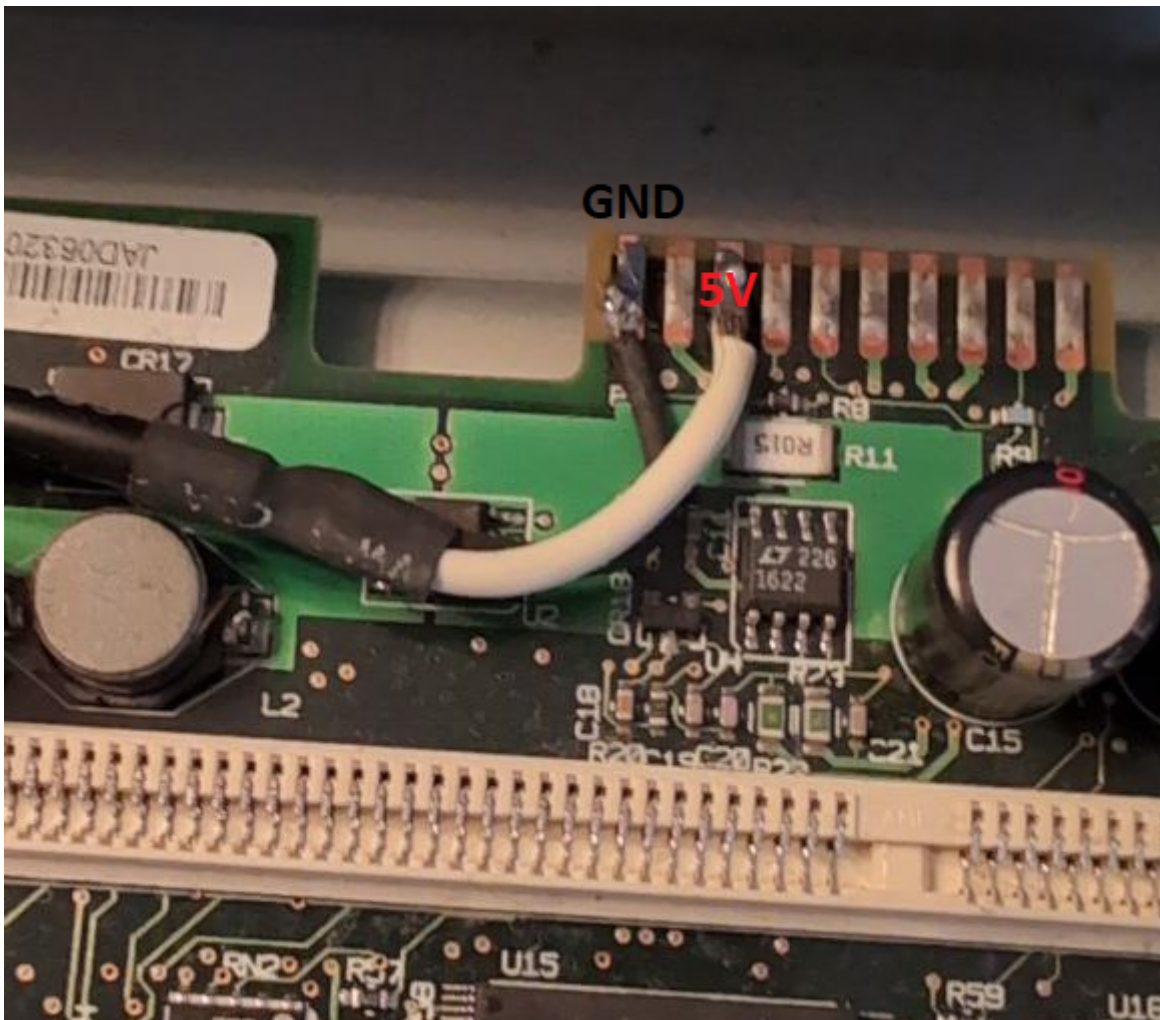
Once the BTS is approved by an Admin it will appear automatically on our BTS Map!

Cable Management Mod for Option 1

I found it quite convenient to put the Pi inside the empty Primary Network Module slot. A small mounting plate with double sided tape, another one for the USB/Eth dongle, and it's already much cleaner!

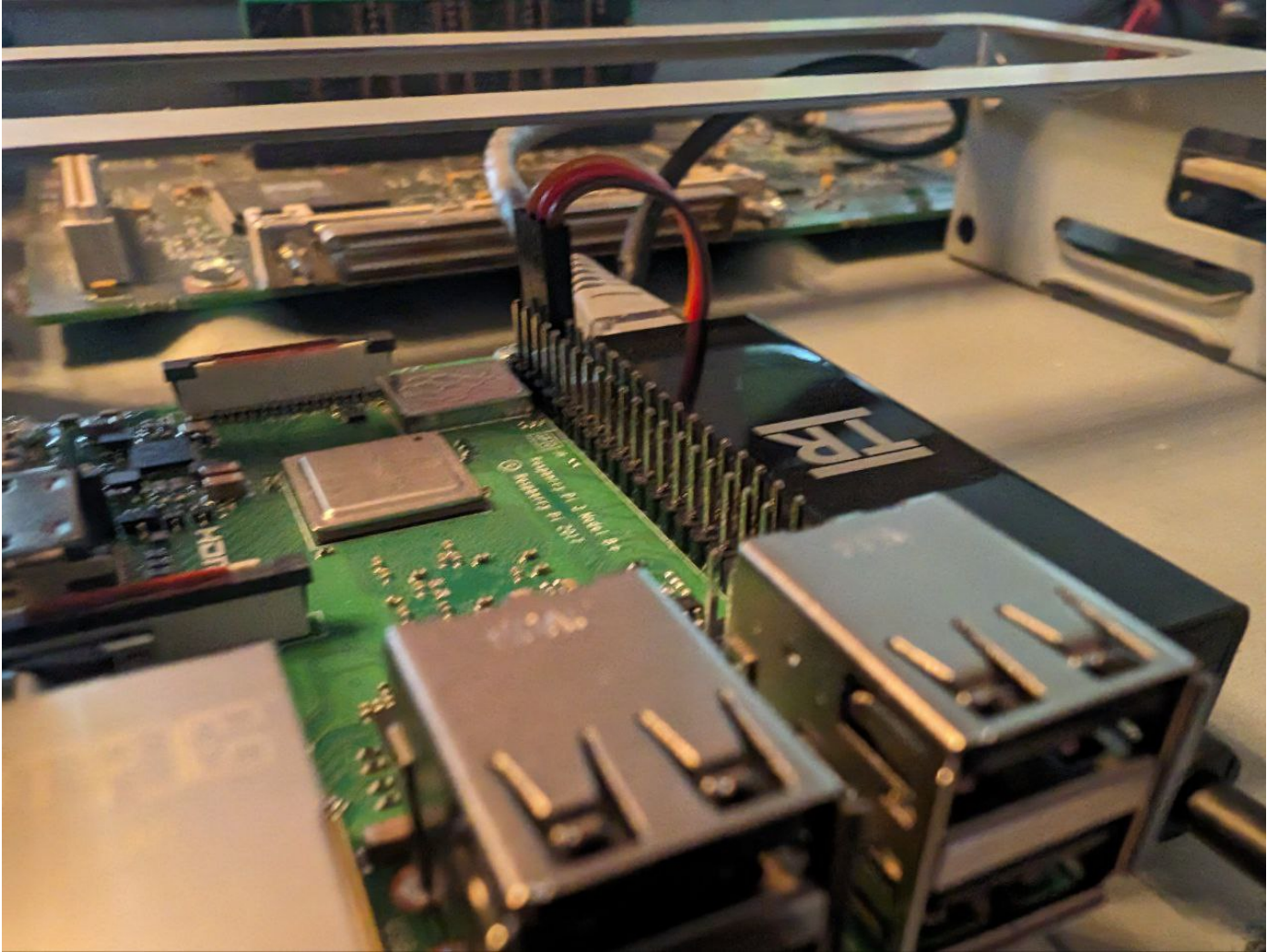


Bonus points if you use the Cisco Router's power supply to supply 5V to the Pi! Just solder a couple of wires on the edge card connector at the front of the router's mainboard. Leftmost pin is GND, then 12V (don't solder there!) then 5V. Double and triple check with a multimeter before hooking the Pi up.



1	2	5V
3	4	5V
5	6	GND
7	8	GPIO14
9	10	GPIO15
11	12	GPIO18
13	14	GND
15	16	GPIO23
17	18	GPIO24
19	20	GND
21	22	GPIO25
23	24	GPIO8
25	26	GPIO7
27	28	GPIO1
29	30	GND
31	32	GPIO12
33	34	GND
35	36	GPIO16
37	38	GPIO20
39	40	GPIO21

Pins 2 and 6 on the Pi can respectively be used as 5V and GND. An old servo connector does the job quite well!



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